

# Development of Recovery and Removal Techniques of Dilute Reactive Nitrogen to Realize Nitrogen Circulating Society

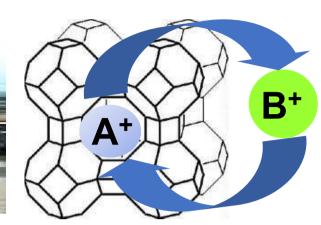
Presenter: Dr. IYOKI Kenta (The University of Tokyo)
PM: Dr. WAKIHARA Toru, The University of Tokyo
Implementing organizations: The University of Tokyo,

National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology (AIST), Japan Fine Ceramics Center (JFCC), Mitsubishi Chemical Corporation



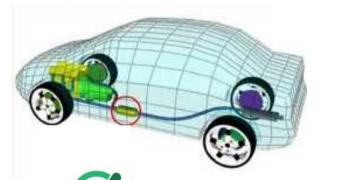
#### Adsorbents

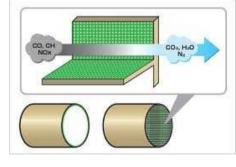




NH<sub>3</sub> capture in aqueous solution

### **Fuel Gas Treatment** for Automobiles



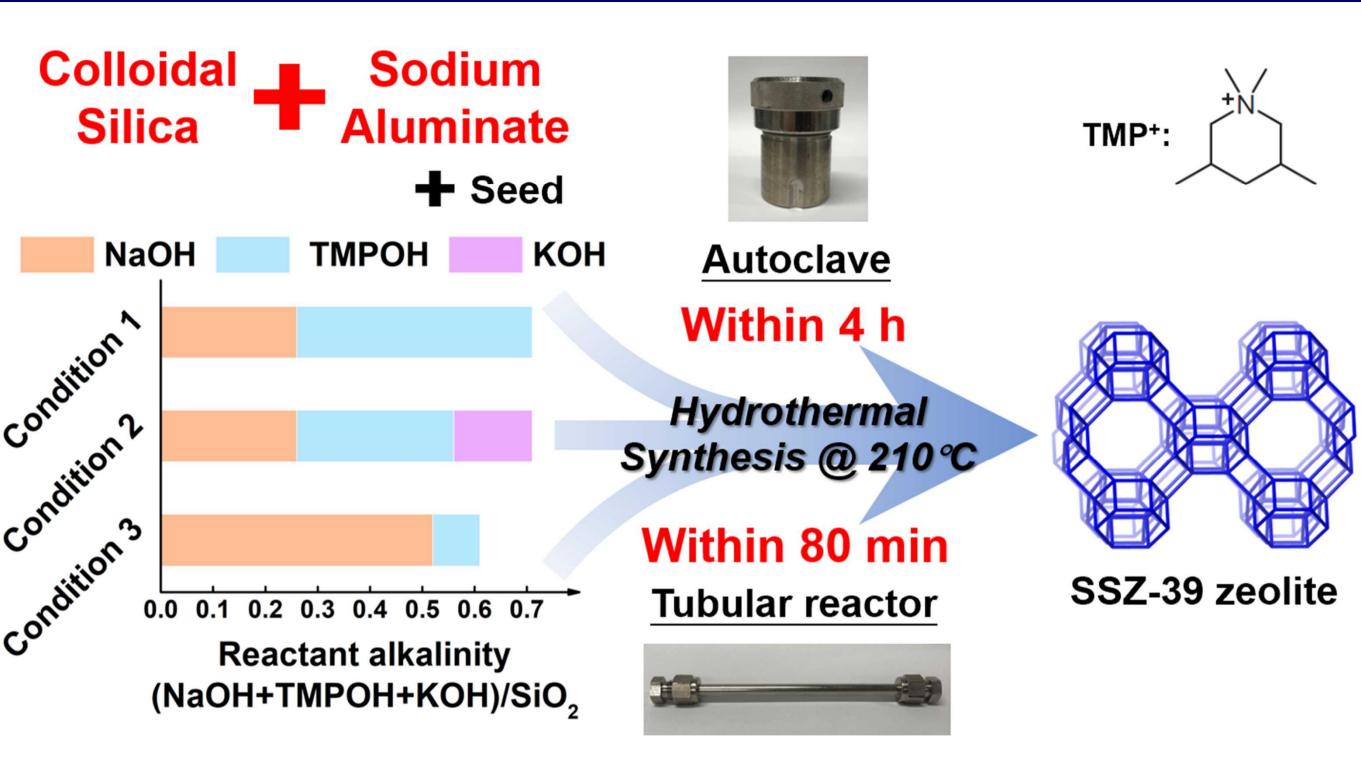


**NOx decomposition** and low N<sub>2</sub>O evolution

# (Final Goal)

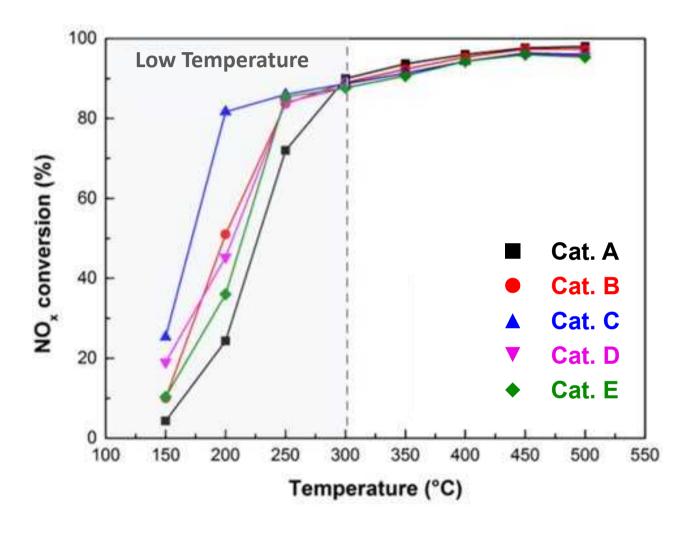
Control of Al distribution

- NH<sub>3</sub> capture from real sewage in pilot plan scale
- NOx decomposition over zeolites in pilot scale
- Direct NO decomposition (NH<sub>3</sub>-free system)

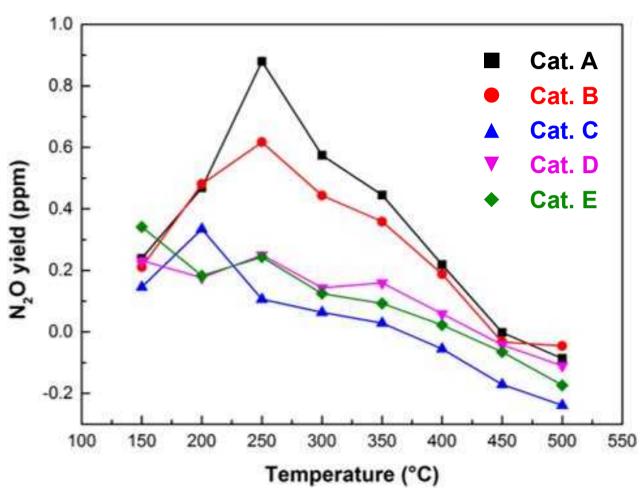


Synthesis time reduced to less than one hundredth Reduced use of expensive raw materials

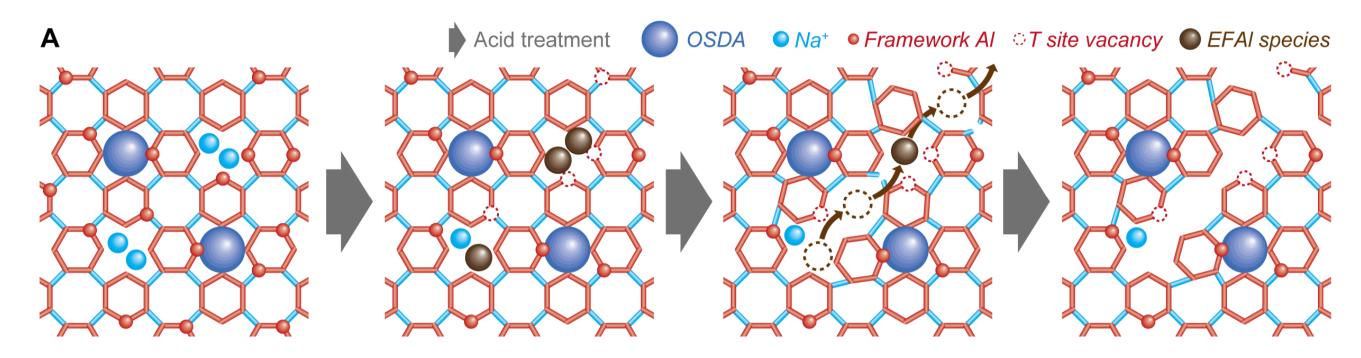
#### **♦ NO conversion rate**



# **♦** N<sub>2</sub>O evolution



Cat. C: High NO conversion at low temperature range (> 80%, 200°C) Low N₂O evolution

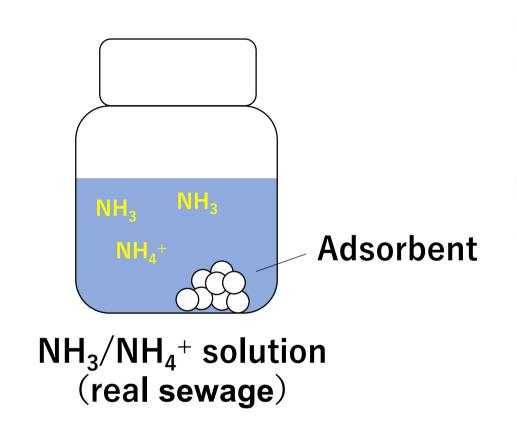


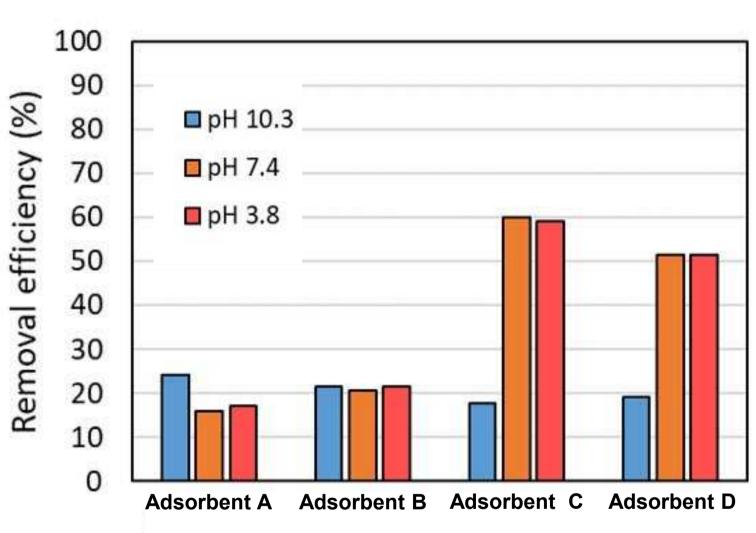
Compositional control of small pore zeolites by post-treatment has not been achieved so far.

- → Control by newly discovered mechanism
- → Substantial improvement in stability

# NH<sub>3</sub> Capture from Real Sewage

Experiment for NH<sub>3</sub> capture





#### High removal efficiency of NH<sub>3</sub> in real sewage

→ in future work, try in pilot plant scale



